

PRESENT PERFECT TENSE

The present perfect tense is simply the combination of have / has with a past participle.

For example: **We have walked for miles.** or **She has eaten all the donuts.**

Spanish follows the same pattern. Use HABER for the helping verb “to have” with a past participle. HABER is an irregular verb. Here is the conjugation for it:

Yo He	Nosotros Hemos
Tú Has	Vosotros Habéis
Él / Ella, Ud Ha	Ellos / Ellas, Uds Han

The past participle is formed by adding **-ado** to the stem of -ar verbs

and by adding **-ido** to the stem of -er or -ir verbs. For example:

hablar > hablado **comer > comido** **recibir > recibido**

Some past participles are irregular. Memorize the following:

Verb	Meaning	Irregular Participle
abrir	to open	Abierto (opened)
cubrir	to cover	Cubierto (covered)
decir	to say, to tell	Dicho (said / told)
escribir	to write	Escrito (written)
hacer	to make, to do	Hecho (made / done)
morir	to die	Muerto (died)
poner	to put	Puesto (put)
romper	to break	Roto (broken)
ver	to see	Visto (seen)
volver	to return	Vuelto (returned)