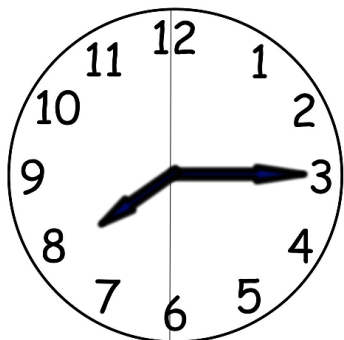


TELLING TIME

The way that you tell time in Spanish depends on which side of the clock the minute hand is on.

From :00 to :30



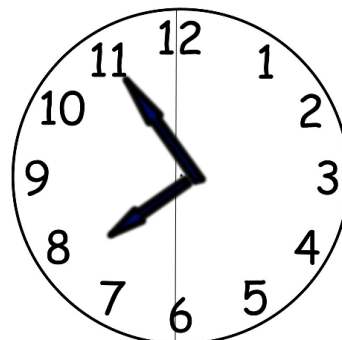
Say **the hour**, “y”, **the minutes**

For example; 2:10 = **dos y diez**

5:20 = **cinco y veinte**

9:05 = **nueve y cinco**

From :31 to :59



Say **the next hour**, “menos”, **minutes until the next hour**

For example; 2:50 = three minus 10 minutes or

tres menos diez

5:40 = six minus 20 minutes or

seis menos veinte

9:31 = ten minus 29 minutes or

diez menos veinte y nueve

BOTH SIDES



One is feminine when used for the hour. use **una** not **uno**.

For example; 1:12 = **una y doce**

12:57 = **una menos tres**

This does not apply to minutes.

For example; 3:01 = **tres y uno**



It is = ‘Son las’ & At = ‘A las’ with one exception. When saying a time with ‘Una’ like 1:30 or 12:45, use ‘Es la’ and ‘A la’.



15 minutes after and 15 minutes ‘til are referred to as **cuarto**.



The half hour is referred to as **media** not “treinta”.



There is no word for o’clock in Spanish. To say something like one o’clock, simply say “It’s one.” = “Es la una.”

EXPRESSING THE DATE

To say what the date is in Spanish, use this formula;

el + the date + de + the month

For example;

June 4th = **el cuatro de junio**

April 31st = **el treinta y uno de abril**



Days and months **are not capitalized** in Spanish.



The first day of the month uses the word for “first” instead of the word for “one”

“First” in Spanish is **primero**.

For example: Dec. 1st = **el primero de diciembre**