

VERB CONJUGATION

Conjugation means matching the verb and the subject.

Examples in English;

_____ he + to run > he runs _____ she + to play > she plays _____

The subjects in Spanish are;

Yo	I	Nosotros	We
		Nosotras	
Tú	You familiar	Vosotros	You familiar pl.
		Vosotras	
Él / Ella	He / She	Ellos / Ellas	They
Usted	You formal	Ustedes	You formal pl.

There are 3 kinds of verbs in Spanish; **-ar**, **-er**, & **-ir**.

The endings for -ar verbs are;

Yo	o	Nosotros	amos
Tú	as	Vosotros	áis
Él / Ella	a	Ellos / Ellas	an
Usted		Ustedes	

The endings for -er verbs are;

Yo	o	Nosotros	emos
Tú	es	Vosotros	éis
Él / Ella	e	Ellos / Ellas	en
Usted		Ustedes	

The endings for **-ir** verbs are;

Yo	o	Nosotros	imos
Tú	es	Vosotros	ís
Él / Ella Usted	e	Ellos / Ellas Ustedes	en

There are 2 steps to conjugate a verb, the same as in **English**.

1. Remove the “to” which is the –ar, -er, or –ir at the end of the verb in Spanish.
2. Add the ending which matches the subject like how we add “s” for he/she in Eng.

Example **-er** verb; **comer**, to eat _____

Yo	como I eat	Nosotros	comemos We eat
Tú	comes You eat (familiar)	Vosotros	coméis You eat (old pl.)
Él / Ella Usted	come He/She eats You eat (formal)	Ellos / Ellas Ustedes	comen They eat You eat (plural)

Example **-ir** verb; **vivir**, to live _____

Yo	vivo I live	Nosotros	vivimos We live
Tú	vives You live (familiar)	Vosotros	vivís You live (old pl.)
Él / Ella Usted	vive He/She lives You live (formal)	Ellos / Ellas Ustedes	viven They live You live (plural)